

Thermocouple Module

Part Number: EZIO-4THIE

Requires EZPLC editor version 1.4 or later; firmware revision C.2 or later. See note below.

EZIO family offers two modules for interfacing to thermocouples:

- EZIO-4THI (not recommended for new applications)
- EZIO-4THIE

This document describes EZIO-4THIE module.

The module has following features:

- Up to 4 thermocouple inputs with user selectable thermocouple types on each input
- User programmable broken thermocouple detection
- User programmable units for temperature -- Centigrade, Fahrenheit or Kelvin
- Internal cold junction compensation

Wiring

Pin # **Enhanced Thermocouple Input** 1 INPUT1 + Pin #1 2 INPUT1 -3 INPUT2 + 4 INPUT2 -5 INPUT3 + 6 INPUT3 -7 INPUT4 + Do not use 8 INPUT4 -9 DO NOT USE 10 DO NOT USE Pin #11 11 DO NOT USE

Note: This module requires EZPLC editor version 1.4 or later; firmware revision C.2 or later.
 To check the firmware revision of your EZPLC:

 Using the EZPLC Editor Software access the menu item EZPLC > INFORMATION... a window will open displaying the current EXEC Software and BOOT Software revisions.

 To upgrade the firmware:

 Download firmware at www.EZAutomation.net (downloads section).Once downloaded, use EZPLC editor and select Setup>Upgrade Firmware menu item.







Specifications

Number of Channels 4 Thermocouples supported See table below Common Mode Range -1.5 VDC to +4.0 VDC Common Mode Rejection 100dB min. @ VDC 50/60Hz Input Impedance 5MΩ Absolute Maximum Ratings Fault-protected inputs to ±50 VDC Accuracy vs.Temperature ± 15ppm/°C max., 0-1.25V ±35 ppm/°C max. (including max. offset change) PLC Update Rate 4 channels per scan Base Power Required 10mA @ 3.3 VDC supplied by base Operating Temperature 32° to 140°F (0° to 60°C) Storage Temperature -4° to 158°F (-20° to 70°C) Relative Humidity 5 to 95% (non-condensing) Environmental Air No corrosive gases permitted Vibration MIL STD 810C 514.2 Shock MIL STD 810C 516.2 Noise Immunity NEMA ICS3-304 Replacement Terminal Block EZIO-TERM11

Cold Junction Compensation Automatic Internal Conversion Time 1ms per channel Warm-Up Time 30 minutes typically ± 1°C repeatability Linearity Error (End to End) ??? Maximum Inaccuracy ???

Thermocouple type	Range			Value reported with Open Thermocouple or incorrect configuration		
	Centigrade	Fahrenheit	Kelvin	Do not report	Low Value	High Value
J	-210°C to +1200°C	-346°F to +2192°F	63°K to 1473°K	Random	-32768 (0x8000)	+32767 (0x7FFF)
к	-200°C to +1372°C	-328°F to +2502°F	73°K to 1645°K	Random	-32768 (0x8000)	+32767 (0x7FFF)
S	-50°C to +1768°C	-58°F to +3214°F	223°K to 2041°K	Random	-32768 (0x8000)	+32767 (0x7FFF)
т	-200°C to +400°C	-328°F to +752°F	73°K to 673°K	Random	-32768 (0x8000)	+32767 (0x7FFF)
E	-200°C to +980°C	-328°F to +1796°F	73°K to 1253°K	Random	-32768 (0x8000)	+32767 (0x7FFF)
R	-50°C to +1768°C	-58°F to +3214°F	223°K to 2041°K	Random	-32768 (0x8000)	+32767 (0x7FFF)
В	250°C to +1820°C	482°F to +3308°F	523°K to 2093°K	Random	0 (0x0000)	65535 (0xFFFF)
N	-200°C to +1300°C	-328°F to +2372°F	73°K to 1573°K	Random	-32768 (0x8000)	+32767 (0x7FFF)

Type of Thermocouple & ranges supported, and error values:



Thermocouple Module Setup

To setup the module in EZPLC, follow these steps:

 In I/O configuration select "4 Enhanced Thermocouple Module (EZIO-4THIE) as shown below, and assign desired starting Input and starting output addresses:

The module takes up 4 input registers (IRs) and 4 output registers (ORs).

Input Registers return thermocouple readings. Output registers are used for configuration of respective thermocouple.

The starting Input Register is used for Input # 1, the next for Input# 2, etc. For example if the starting input address is IR1, then reading from thermocouple at input # 1 would be returned in IR1, from#2 in IR2, from #3 in IR3, and from #4 in IR4. Similarly Starting OR would configure Thermocouple #1, and next OR would configure Input #2, and so on.



2. Click on "Click to define setup parameters. Following dialog comes up:

For each input, select Type of Thermocouple, Unit of measurement, and Option to report error (such as due to open thermocouple, wrong configuration, etc.). These choices create a config value that is written to corresponding OR registers when the program is written to EZPLC. These values can also be written or modified using ladder logic, but it may be easier to use the dialog box. That is all required to setup the module.

The programmable parameters, namely type, unit, and report error, as well as the computed config value, are described below:

Input #	Input Register	Config Register	Config Value	Туре	Unit	Range	Report Error
Input 1	IR1	OR1	0	J Type	Celsius	-210 to 1200	Do not Report 💌
Input 2	IR2	OR2	81	К Туре	▼ Fahrenheit ▼	-328 to 2502	Use low value 💌
Input 3	IR3	OR3	227	Т Туре	▼ Kelvin ▼	73 to 673	Use high value 💌
Input 4	IR4	OR4	8	Ambient Temp	▼ Celsius ▼	0 to 100	Do not Report 💌
onfig Value I	nformation				Config Value Displa	y Format	
Each input is configured via its output register. The bits register are as follows (b0 is the least significant bit)			The bits t bit)	O Decimal	C Hex		
Type: b3 bi	2 b1 b0 (defa	ult:0000 = J	Type)				
Unit: b5 b4	(default: 00 = r: b7 b6 (defa	= Celsius) ault: 00 = Do	Not Benn	ntì			

Туре

Select the type of the thermocouple using this field. The possible choices are: J Type, K Type, S Type, T Type, E Type, R Type, B Type, N Type, Ambient Type. The display-only range field depends on the type of the thermocouple selected (along with the unit).

Thermocouple	Module	User	Guide
Page 3 of 5			



Unit

Select the unit for measurement for each thermocouple. The possible choices are: Celsius, Fahrenheit and Kelvin. The display-only range field depends on the unit selected (along with the type of the thermocouple).

Report Error

The Report Error function on the thermocouple module provides diagnostic capabilities to detect open or burnt thermocouple, or incorrect configuration (which can happen if the ladder logic writes an incorrect value to the config register). The following table describes the choices and the resulting actions. You can use these values in ladder logic to detect possible problems with the thermocouples or configurations.

Choice	Value Returned			
	All types EXCEPT B Type	В Туре		
Do Not Report	Indeterminate	Indeterminate		
Use low value	-32768	0		
Use high value	32767	65535		

Config Value

The computed ConfigValue (determined by above choices) is the value written to the config (output) register. Each thermocouple input is configured via its config register. The Config Value Display Format option allows you to display (in this dialog box) the config value in either decimal or hex. The actual config value depends on the selections made for the type, unit and report error as shown in the following table:

Bits in Config Registers	Determined by	Default value
Bit 3 – Bit 0	Thermocouple type	0000 (J -type)
Bit 5- Bit 4	Unit Selection	00 (Celsius)
Bit 7 – Bit 6	Report-Error Selection	00 (Do not report)

The values of bits for various selections can be seen from the configuration dialog box.

	DRAFI	www.EZAutomation.net
Page 4 of 5	21 December 2006	1-877-774-EASY



Thermocouple Module Operation

The Thermocouple provides 4 inputs for thermocouples. Each input can independently configured for by writing to corresponding configuration register. The configuration can be done using the dialog box as described above. Alternately the configuration can be done by writing appropriate values in the Output Registers of the module.

Tag Data Types

In EZPLC the ladder logic accesses memory using tags. Therefore create tags for each of the Input (IR) and output registers (OR) associated with the module. Each tag has a data type to interpret the data values appropriately. Please follow below given guidelines for the tag data types for the module:

- Tags associated with the Output Registers (OR) must be declared UNSIGNED_INT_16
- Tags associated with the Input Registers (IR) must be of SIGNED_INT_16 for all thermocouple types *EXCEPT type B* in which case it should be UNSIGNED_INT_16.

Temperature Values

The thermocouple module provides temperature values with one digit after the decimal point. However these values are presented as integer numbers.

Thus if a reading from the module is 1234, it should be interpreted as 123.4

DRAFT	www.EZAutomation.net
21 December 2006	1-877-774-EASY
	DRAFT 21 December 2006